## Math I UNIT 5 OVERVIEW: Quadratic Functions

| Unit Outcomes <br> At the end of this unit, your student should be able to: | Key Vocabulary <br> Terms to deepen the student's understanding |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ Use function notation to evaluate a quadratic function given a value in the domain. <br> Interpret the contextual meaning of a given point from a quadratic function in function notation. <br> Interpret the meaning of the independent and dependent variables in context of a quadratic function. <br> Interpret contextual significance of the domain and range of a quadratic function <br> State the domain and range of a quadratic function from its graph. <br> $\checkmark$ Interpret and analyze key features of a quadratic function in context including positive/negative, increasing/decreasing, intercepts, maximum/minimum and domain/range when given the function as a table, graph, and/or verbal description. <br> Use mathematical reasoning to justify a chosen solution method for a quadratic equation. <br> Use mathematical reasoning to justify each step of the solving process for a quadratic equation. <br> Identify the terms, factors and coefficients of a quadratic expression. <br> Interpret the terms, factors and coefficients of a quadratic expression in terms of the context. <br> $\checkmark$ Create an equation in two variables to represent a quadratic relationship between two quantities. <br> $\checkmark$ Graph a quadratic equation that represents a relationship between two quantities. <br> $\checkmark$ Choose an appropriate domain and range for a quadratic function. <br> $\checkmark$ Identify the maximum and minimum of quadratic functions <br> $\checkmark$ Identify where a quadratic function is increasing and decreasing. <br> $\checkmark$ Compare two quadratic functions symbolically, graphically, verbally, and using tables. <br> Compare linear and quadratic functions symbolically, graphically, verbally, and using tables. <br> $\checkmark$ Build a quadratic function by multiplying linear equations and combining two quadratic equations with addition and subtraction. | $\checkmark$ Acceleration due to Gravity <br> $\checkmark$ Axis of Symmetry <br> $\checkmark$ Binomial <br> $\checkmark$ Constant <br> $\checkmark$ Degree of a Monomial <br> $\checkmark$ Degree of a Polynomial <br> $\checkmark$ Difference of Squares <br> $\checkmark$ Extreme Values <br> $\checkmark$ Factoring <br> $\checkmark$ Initial Height <br> $\checkmark$ Initial Velocity <br> $\checkmark$ Greatest Common Factor <br> $\checkmark$ Intercepts <br> $\checkmark$ Intervals Where Increasing, Decreasing, Positive or Negative <br> $\checkmark$ Linear Expression <br> $\checkmark$ Monomial <br> $\checkmark$ Parabola <br> $\checkmark$ Polynomial <br> $\checkmark$ Relative Maximum or Minimum <br> $\checkmark$ Roots <br> $\checkmark$ Solutions <br> $\checkmark$ Standard Form of a Polynomial <br> $\checkmark$ Symmetry <br> $\checkmark$ Trinomial <br> $\checkmark$ Vertex <br> $\checkmark$ x-intercepts of a Quadratic Function <br> $\checkmark$ Zeros |
| Key Standards Addressed Connections to Common Core/NC Essential Standards | Where This Unit Fits <br> Connections to prior and future learning |

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NC.M1.A-SSE. 1 Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.
a. Identify and interpret parts of a linear, exponential, or quadratic expression, including terms, factors, coefficients, and exponents. b. Interpret a linear, exponential, or quadratic expression made of multiple parts as a combination of entities to give meaning to an expression.

NC.M1.A-SSE. 3 Write an equivalent form of a quadratic expression, $a x^{2}+b x+c$, where $a$ is an integer, by factoring to reveal the solutions of the equation or the zeros of the function the expression defines.

NC.M1.A-APR. 1 Build an understanding that operations with polynomials are comparable to operations with integers by adding and subtracting quadratic expressions and by adding, subtracting, and multiplying linear expressions.

NC.M1.A-APR. 3 Understand the relationships among the factors of a quadratic expression, the solutions of a quadratic equation, and the zeros of a quadratic function.

NC.M1.A-CED. 2 Create and graph equations in two variables to represent linear, exponential, and quadratic relationships between quantities.

NC.M1.A-REI. 1 Justify a chosen solution method and each step of the solving process for linear and quadratic equations using mathematical reasoning.

NC.M1.A-REI. 4 Solve for the real solutions of quadratic equations in one variable by taking square roots and factoring.

NC.M1.A-REI. 11 Build an understanding of why the $x$ coordinates of the points where the graphs of two linear, exponential, and/or quadratic equations $y=f(\mathrm{x})$ and $y=g(\mathrm{x})$ intersect are the solutions of the equation $f(\mathrm{x})=g(\mathrm{x})$ and approximate solutions using graphing technology or successive approximations with a table of values.

NC.M1.F-IF. 2 Use function notation to evaluate linear, quadratic, and exponential functions for inputs in their domains, and interpret statements that use function notation in terms of a context.

Coming into this unit, students should have a strong foundation in:
$\checkmark$ Solving one variable equations
$\checkmark$ Graphing linear functions
$\checkmark$ Linear and exponential functions
$\checkmark$ Finding the GCF of integers
$\checkmark$ Combining like terms
$\checkmark$ The Distributive Property
$\checkmark$ Identifying key features of a function from a graph

This unit builds to the following future skills and concepts:
$\checkmark$ Factoring quadratic equations with a leading coefficient other than one
$\checkmark$ Graphing and analyzing more complex functions (including inverse, step, exponential, absolute value, trigonometric and logarithmic functions)

NC.M1.F-IF. 4 Interpret key features of graphs, tables, and verbal descriptions in context to describe functions that arise in applications relating two quantities, including: intercepts; intervals where the function is increasing, decreasing, positive, or negative; and maximums and minimums.

NC.M1.F-IF. 5 Interpret a function in terms of the context by relating its domain and range to its graph and, where applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes.

NC.M1.F-IF. 6 Calculate and interpret the average rate of change over a specified interval for a function presented numerically, graphically, and/or symbolically.

NC.M1.F-IF. 7 Analyze linear, exponential, and quadratic functions by generating different representations, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases, to show key features, including: domain and range; rate of change; intercepts; intervals where the function is increasing, decreasing, positive, or negative; maximums and minimums; and end behavior.

NC.M1.F-IF. 8 Use equivalent expressions to reveal and explain different properties of a function.
a. Rewrite a quadratic function to reveal and explain different key features of the function

NC.M1.F-IF. 9 Compare key features of two functions (linear, quadratic, or exponential) each with a different representation (symbolically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).

NC.M1.F.BF. 1 Write a function that describes a relationship between two quantities.
b. Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities by combining linear, exponential, or quadratic functions with addition and subtraction or two linear functions with multiplication.

NC.M1.F-LE. 3 Compare the end behavior of linear, exponential, and quadratic functions using graphs and tables to show that a quantity increasing exponentially eventually exceeds a quantity increasing linearly or quadratically.

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| Additional Resources <br> Materials to support understanding and enrichment | "Learning Checks" <br> Questions Parents Can Use to Assess Understanding |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\checkmark$ Quadratic equations overview (notes) <br> $\checkmark$ Quadratic equation solver <br> $\checkmark$ Factoring overview (video) <br> $\checkmark$ Graphing quadratic equations (video) <br> $\checkmark$ Factoring GCF (practice) <br> $\checkmark$ Factor quadratics when $\mathrm{a}=1$ (practice) <br> $\checkmark$ Factor quadratics with a leading coefficient (practice) <br> $\checkmark$ Factoring special cases (practice) | How can projectile motion be modeled using a quadratic function? <br> How does knowing the definition of a maximum or minimum help you visualize the graph of a quadratic function? <br> $\checkmark$ How do you determine which solution to use for a quadratic equation? <br> $\checkmark$ How is factoring connected to the distributive property? <br> How can I compare operations with integers to operations with quadratic expressions? <br> $\checkmark$ What types of information are contained in various forms of a quadratic function? |

* Please note, the unit guides are a work in progress. If you have feedback or suggestions on improvement, please feel free to contact wakemiddle@wcpss.net.

